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1/1 DWPX - (C) Thomson Derwent- image
CPIM Thomson Derwent
   - 1991-024294 [04]
   - C1991-010434
XΑ
   - N1991-018694
XΡ
   - Oxy:titanium phthalocyanine with specified x=ray diffraction
TΙ
     pattern - for use in electrophotosensitive members giving good
     sensitivity at long wavelengths and stable charging characteristics
   - E23 G08 P84 S06 T04
DC
   - ELECTROPHOTOGRAPHIC LASER PRINT
ΑW
PΑ
   - (CANO ) CANON KK
   - IUCHI I; MIYASAKI G; TAKAI H; IUCHI K; MIYAZAKI H; YAMAZAKI I
ΝP
   - 11
   - 7
NC
                     A 19910123 DW1991-04 *
PN
   - EP-409737
      AP: 1990EP-0402094 19900720
      DSR: DE FR GB
                     A 19910531 DW1991-28
    - JP03128973
      AP: 1990JP-0192671 19900720
                     A 19910327 DW1991-48
     CN1050206
                     Α
    - US5132197
                        19920721 DW1992-32 G03G-005/06 27p
      AP: 1990US-0555038 19900720
                     B1 19940302 DW1994-09 C09B-067/50 Eng 36p
    - EP-409737
      AP: 1990EP-0402094 19900720
      DSR: DE FR GB
    - DE69006961
                     E 19940407 DW1994-15 C09B-067/50
      FD: Based on EP-409737
      AP: 1990DE-6006961 19900720; 1990EP-0402094 19900720
                     B1 19940831 DW1996-23 G03G-005/06
   KR9407962
      AP: 1990KR-0011118 19900721
    - JP2502404
                     B2 19960529 DW1996-26 C09B-067/50 18p
      FD: Previous Publ. JP3128973
      AP: 1990JP-0192671 19900720
                     A 19981014 DW1999-09 G03G-015/02
    - CN1195791
      AP: 1997CN-0117103 19970729
      CN1040009
                     C 19980930 DW2004-57 C09B-067/50
      AP: 1990CN-0107249 19900721
                     C 20031022 DW2005-54 G03G-015/02
    - CN1125380
      AP: 1997CN-0117103 19970729
    - 1989JP-0189200 19890721; 1990JP-0192671 19900720
PR
    - DE3823363; EP-180930; EP-180931; EP--82011; JP59049544; JP62067094;
      JP64017066
    - C09B-067/50 G03G-005/06 G03G-015/02 C09B-067/12 H04N-001/29
IC
      C07D-487/22 C09B-047/04
AΒ
   - EP-409737 A
      Oxytitanium phthalocyanine has a crystal structure with main peaks
      specified by Bragg angles (20+/-2 degs.) of 9.0deg., 14.2 deg.,
      23.9 deg. and 27.1 deg. in the X-ray diffraction pattern based on
      Cu K alpha characteristic X-rays.
    - The above phthalocyanine is prepd. by treating amorphous
      oxytitanium phthalocyanine with methanol and then milling with one
      of the following solvents:- ether, monoterpene hydrocarbons, or
      liq. paraffin.
    - Also claimed is (1) an electro-photosensitive member having an
      electroconductive support and a photosensitive layer contg. the
      above phthalocyanine, and (2) an electrophotographic appts., pref.
      facsimile appts., incorporating the electrophotosensitive member.
    - USE/ADVANTAGE - The phthalocyanine has good solvent stability and
      gives electrophotosensitive members which have high sensitivity at
      longer wavelengths and so can be used with semiconductor lasers.
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The electrophotosensitive members also have good photomemory

characteristics, stable electric potentials and give good images over extended runs. (31pp Dwg.No.21/21)

EPAB- EP-409737 B

Oxytitanium phthalocyanine having a crystal form characterised by main peaks specified by Bragg angles (20 \pm 0.2 degree) of 9.0 degrees, 14.2 degrees, 23.9 degrees, and 27.1 degrees in X-ray diffraction pattern based on CuKa alpha characteristic X-rays. ((Dwg.1/21))

USAB- US5132197 A

Oxytitanium phthalocyanine has a crystal form characterised by means peaks specified by Bragg angles (2 theta +/-0.2 deg.) of 9.0 degs., 14.2 degs., 23.9 degs. and 27.1 degs. in the X-ray diffraction pattern based on CuK alpha characteristic X-rays.

- Prodn. of the oxytitanium phthalocyamine comprises treating amorphous oxytitanium phthalocyamine with methanol and milling with a solvent comprising ether, monoterpene hydrocarbons or liq. paraffin.
- USE/ADVANTAGE Used in an electrophotosensitive member having good stability of electric potential and maintaining good images when used in a durability test. The photosensitive member also has good photomemory characteristic after irradation with visible rays for a long period. The oxytitanium phthalocyamine has good solvent stability. ((Dwg.4,5/2)

- CPI: E23-B G06-F06

- EPI: S06-A01A1 T04-G04

UP - 1991-04

1991-28; 1991-48; 1992-32; 1994-09; 1994-15; 1996-23; 1996-26; 1999-09; 2004-57; 2005-54

UE4 - 2004-09; 2005-08

phtalos.trn

15/03/2006

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 115:243932 CA

TI Oxytitanium phthalocyanine, process for producing same and electrophotosensitive member using same

IN Iuchi, Kazushi; Takai, Hideyuki; Miyazaki, Hajime; Yamazaki, Itaru

PA Canon K. K., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 31 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PAN.CNI I				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI EP 409737	A1	19910123	EP 1990-402094	19900720
EP 409737	B1	19940302		
R: DE, FR, GB				
JP 03128973	A2	19910531	JP 1990-192671	19900720
JP 2502404	B2	19960529		
US 5132197	A	19920721	US 1990-555038	19900720 <
CN 1050206	A	19910327	CN 1990-107249	19900721
CN 1040009	В	19980930		
PRAI JP 1989-189200	Α	19890721		
OS MARPAT 115:243932				
GI				

$$(x^{1})_{n}$$

$$C = N$$

$$N = C$$

$$N = C$$

$$C = N$$

AB A titanyl phthalocyanine pigment represented by the formula I (X1-4 = Br or Cl; k, l, m, n = an integer of 0-4) and having a crystal form characterized by main peaks specified by Bragg angles (2θ± 0.2°) of 9.0°, 14.2°, 23.9°, and 27.1° in its x-ray diffraction pattern based on CuKα characteristic x-rays is used in preparing an electrophotog. photoreceptor which shows high and stable photosensitivity for long-wavelength regions as well as stable chargeability even after prolonged photoirradn.